

2023 Industrial Hemp Fiber Variety Trial

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2023 INDUSTRIAL HEMP FIBER VARIETY TRIAL

treated as fixed. Mean comparisons were made using the Least Significant Difference (LSD) procedure when the F-test was considered significant (p<0.10).

Variations in yield and quality can occur because of variations in genetics, soil, weather, and other growing conditions. Statistical analysis makes it possible to determine whether a difference among treatments is real or whether it might have occurred due to other variations in the field. At the bottom of each table an LSD value is presented for each variable (i.e., yield). Least Significant Differences (LSDs) at the 0.10 level of significance are shown, except where analyzed by pairwise comparison (t-test). Where the difference

Table 4. The impact of variety on plant characteristics and harvest yield of industrial hemp fiber, Alburgh, VT, 2023

Variety	Plant height	Stem diameter	Harvest population	Harvest population	Dry matter yield	Dry Matter Yield	Bast fiber	
	cm	mm	plants ac ⁻¹	plants ft ⁻²	lbs ac ⁻¹	Tons ac-1	%	
Bialobrzeski		4.68	805,324	18.5	13,686	6.84	33.6*	66.4

French varieties including Ferimon 12, Fibror 79, Futura 83, and Muka 76, continue to be consistent and reliable performers in our region (Table 4). These varieties also produced some of the highest bast fiber yields in the trial. Fibror 79 has a unique genetic marker that colors the stem and foliage yellow, as seen on the cover page of this report. This is a characteristic that is unique to some fiber hemp varieties and is linked to a more tender and less hearty stalk than some. For these reasons, Fibror 79 had the most severe lodging compared to its more robust counterparts.

The tallest of the fifteen varieties in the 2023 fiber variety trial was Fiber 1 by Kanda Hemp with an average



