Boron 5

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a C. L. L. CHRISTIAN (U.S. Geological Survey, Menlo Park, Cali

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fornia, U.S.A.)

 $\label{eq:V1} \Psi_{\rm eff} = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \right] \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac$

 $\mathcal{L}(\mathcal{L}^{\text{max}}_{\mathcal{L}}(\mathcal{L}^{\text{max}}_{\mathcal{L}}))$

 $\mathcal{L}(\mathcal{L}(\mathcal{L}))$ and the contribution of the contribution

 $\Big(\bigcap_{i=1}^m f_i\Big)$

 \overline{C}

 $\label{eq:2.1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\int_{\mathbb{R}^3}\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2.$

 $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty}$

 \bigcirc

 $\label{eq:2.1} \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j=1}^n \frac{$

5-E-4 Boron

wegian nepheline syenite (HARDER, 1959). The nurober of analyses is too small to compute a mean and to observe systematic differences in boron between plutonic

and volcanic rock types. IV. Diorites, Andesites kal

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Boron 5-E-9

(Italy)

Table 5-E-7. *Boron content in salic volcanic rocks*. (Analytical method: S)

a model of ordinary chondrites (about 1 ppm B) or of carbonaceous chondrites (about 7 ppm B) (see Table 5-C-1). The latter figure is close to a tentative mean for ultramafic rocks, but for volatile elements the selection of the model is difficult. The anomalously higb concentrations of boron in kimberlite may be an indicator for degassing of the mantle (see Subsection 5-E-1).

The boron content of the oceanic crust (about a quarter of the mass of tbe total crust) may be similar to the mean value of basaltic rocks of 5 ppm B (see Subsection 5-E-II). Tbe average boron abundance in the upper continental crust has been calculated in Table 5-E-8 as being 13 ppm B. The lower crust is mainly composed of metamorphic rocks. Gneisses and schists generally have lower boron contents than their magmatic or sedimentary equivalents of comparable chemical composition (see Sections E and M). 10 ppm B may be a probable boron value for the continental crust, and the horon content in the crust is about one order of magnitude above that 2. ANTO A MARIA BARA AS TRANS

Boron 5-F-1

5-F. Behavior in Magmatogenic Processes

Boron is an element accumulated in the late stages of magmatic crystallization. The primary boron content of magmatic melts is generally not high enough to form

independent boron minerals. Solutions and vapors connected with magmatism will sometimes produce independent boron minerals. A moderate degree of enrichment in residual fractions would be experiment from the strain beautories of the strain of boron residual the strain
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I.

5-0. Relation to Other Elements, Economic Importance

5-0-3 Boron

in Larderello, Toscana.Jraly, and Kertsch, USSR. Inder Area, eastern Urals). Current-

ly boron-rich ground water or skam-boro-silicares are an economic source of boron. Recent thermal springs